# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

" PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 34. PITTSBURGH. FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1819. New Series, No. 94

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, at Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets—at $ 4 per Annum.


## 40 HEAD OF FAT CATTLE.

FOR SALE at Robert & William Chambers's on Ten Mile, Washington county. Inquire of Robert Chambers, or

JOHN DAVIS, Town of Washington

March 30

## Valuable Real Estate and Ground Rents for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, the following very valuable real estate and ground rents in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit:

One Lot, situate at the corner of Ferry and Water streets, containing 35 feet front on Water street and the Monongahela river, and 98 feet on Ferry street, now in the possession of Mr. Florence Cotter, and occupied as a grocery and liquor store, and rented at 450 dollars per annum. Also, one lot situated on the west side of Market street, between First and Second streets, containing 23 feet front on Market street by 70 feet deep, at present unoccupied—formerly occupied as a saddler's shop—for which business or for a dry goods store, it is one of the best stands in the city.

Also—ground rent to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, secured upon real estate, on which is erected permanent brick buildings, in some of the most conspicuous parts of the city.

The terms upon which this property will be disposed of are of the most advantageous kind.—A very small portion of the purchase money will be required in hand—and the balance may be paid, either in annual instalments, with interest, or in such portions as may be convenient to the purchaser, payment being secured by mortgage at judgement—it being the object of the subscriber to give a long credit.

Application may be made to Walter Forward, Esq. at his office in the Diamond, or to the subscriber in Pitt township, on the turnpike road, three miles from Pittsburgh, who will describe the property and make known the terms of sale.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

May 16, 1818.——tf

## To the Electors of Allegheny County.

FELLOW CITIZENS.

FROM solicitations of a number of my friends, I am induced to offer myself a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election. Should you think me worthy of the trust, no exertions on my part shall be wanting to fill the office with fidelity, to the best of my abilities.

I am, gentlemen, your ob'dt. serv't.

JAMES CROSSAN.

March 12, 1819.

## Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED

*And For Sale by the subscriber,*

200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior, to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Bauduy, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819. tf

## ORMSBY AND DOANE,

HAVE FOR SALE

100 kegs first quality Manufac. Tobacco,
30 Tons assorted Castings,
Juniata Bar Iron,
Plough Plates,
20 Bushels Hickory Nuts,
Rosin Soap,

56 bbls. rectified Lake Salt,

*Axes, Nails, Chains, &c. &c.*

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1819.

## Removal.

*MRS. MORROW*

WILL, on the first of April, remove from the corner of Wood and Fourth streets, to the Brick House on the bank of the Monongahela river, lately occupied by Mr. John Kerr, where she solicits the continuance of the liberal support of her friends.

☞ A few young gentlemen can be accommodated with BOARDING.

March 26.

## *Cut Tacks and Sprigs.*

### Ormsby and Doane,

HAVE or sale, *Cut Tacks and Sprigs* of all sizes, from the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts.) being appointed agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the manufacturing prices, with the addition of carriage and charges.

Orders for Tacks and Sprigs received and attended to.

Pittsburgh, October 22. tf

## Stray Cow.

A RED COW with a white streak half way up her back, a spot on her forehead, her legs red and white, strayed from the owner, in Pittsburgh, a few weeks since. A reasonable reward will be given for information where she is, at this office.

April 2.

## BUTTER.

THE Subscribers will exchange Merchandize for merchantable BUTTER, in Kegs, at a fair price.

WM & JOHN HILL

Pittsburgh, July 2awtf

## Miller and Wilson,

*At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,*

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON, Rolled ditto,
Nail and Deck Rods,
Crowley & Blister Steel,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,
Spinning-wheel Irons,
Trace and Log chains,
Patent beams and Steelyards,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,
Scythes and sickles,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,
Carpenter's adze',
Plough Irons,
Cow-bells,
Castings, assorted,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufac. Tobacco,
Spanish and country Sugars,
Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Rosin soap and candles,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Earthen & Queensware,
Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Bed cords and Plough lines,
Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar,
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,
Coffee mills, Window glass,
Curry combs, Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——

## Prospectus.

### New Jerusalem Church REPOSITORY.

THIS interesting work has been published for two years past in the city of Philadelphia, and has been the means under Providence of circulating and enforcing the divine doctrines of the New Church, throughout the Union. The TERMS are as follows.

1. The Repository will continue to be published in numbers of at least 56 pages, octavo—Quarterly, viz. On the first of January, April, July and October of each year.

2. The terms of subscription will be $2 per annum, payable in advance.

3. An allowance of one copy extra will be made to any individual or society which shall subscribe and pay for 5 copies.

The profits of the work, if any, will go into the funds and be appropriated solely to the promotion of the doctrine.

☞ Subscriptions will be received by the Rev. WILLIAM GRANT, in Steubenville.

March 16.

## Bauduy's BRANDYWINE POWDER.

110 KEGS

*Just received, and For Sale by*

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

## TO BINDERS.

A YOUNG MAN wishes a situation westward, as an EXTRA BINDER, who engages to execute his work in the first modern style of the art, provided the situation be made permanent and terms liberal.

☞ Letters (stating the terms) addressed to J. G. and left at the Post office, Philadelphia, will be attended to.

March 12.

*When I relinquished the publication* of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, on the 1st of August, 1816, a considerable sum was due for subscription, advertisements, &c. Since that time I have sedulously endeavoured to collect the debts, without having recourse to law, but my indulgence has been treated with neglect.—I now give notice, that in one month from this date, I will take the most summary way to collect all debts due to me.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 10, 1818.

N. B. I expect those persons whose due-bill I hold will pay attention to this notice.

## H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

*Market, between Second and Third streets,*

HAVE just received, and weekly received large assortment of

### Domestic Chambray,

Stripes, Plaids, Sheeting, Ticking,
Cotton Crape, Lace Shawls, Viels, Fine Thread-lace.

*Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth,*

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLESKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

*And a supplement to their usual assortment of*

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Sadules,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19.——

## A Most Valuable Estate. FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL, Attorney at Law

## Allegheny Bridge.

PITTSBURGH, MARCH 19, 1819.

THE Stockholders in the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, are hereby required to pay the 4th instalment of 5 dollars on each share, on or before the 25th of April next, and the fifth instalment of 5 dollars on each share, on or before the 25th of May next.

By order of the President and Managers,

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Treas't.

March 23.

## Notice.

AN ELECTION for Nine Managers to manage the affairs of the Philadelphia & Pittsburgh Transporting Company, for one year, will take place on the first Tuesday in April next, at the Company's office, corner of Decatur and Carpenter streets, between the hours of 10 & 4 o'clock.

THOS. HARPER, Agent.

Office of the Company, March 16.

## BUTLER & LAMBDIN,

Continue their

### Book and Job PRINTING OFFICE,

Where will be printed with the utmost despatch

*BOOKS, MAGAZINES AND PAMPHLETS.*

### Mercantile Blanks;

SUCH AS

Checks, Receipts, Bills of lading, Bills of parcels, Due-bills, &c.

### Law Blanks.

Judgements and common Bonds, Deeds, Leases Declarations, Protests, &c.

### Magistrates' & Aldermans' Blanks.

ummons's, Scieri Facias, Commitments, Indentures, Warrants, Executions, Rules of Refference &c. for the city and counties.

HAND-BILLS, CIRCULARS, ADVERTISEMENTS, CARDS,

Together with every other description of Book and Job Printing.

Pittsburgh, June 12.

## WILLIAM KEPNER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has taken into partnership WILLIAM M'KNIGHT. The business in future, will be transacted under the firm of

KEPNER & M'KNIGHT,

*Who have now on hand, and intend keeping a their*

### Copper & Tin Warehouse,

Corner of Market and Front streets,

STILLS,

Tin Ware,

FULLERS KETTLES, HATTERS DITTO, | WASH KETTLES BRASS DITTO.

*JAPANNED WARE.*

Which they will dispose of on reasonable Terms for Cash, or approved paper.

☞ Orders from a distance will be punctually attended to, and put up on short notice.

Pittsburgh, January 1819 1.——tf

## M'Dermott & Bartram,

*At their Warehouse in Water Street, between Market and Ferry Streets,*

PITTSBURGH,

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of

### Groceries, Wines & Liquors,

Which they will sell on low and accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following Articles:

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Souchong — TEAS *of first quality*
Prime Green Coffee in Bags and Barrels,
Common ditto,
Spanish flotant & Bengal Indigo,
Loaf and lump Sugar,
Muscovado ditto,
Spanish Cigars,
Common ditto,
Rice, Copperas,
English Refined Saltpetre,
Brimstone, Allum, Madder,
Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs.
Alspice, Mace, Ginger,
Pepper, Mustard,
Madeira, Teneriffe & Lisbon — WINES *of a superior quality*
4th Proof Cogniac Brandy,
ditto, Jamaica Spirits
Holland Gin, Country Gin,
Whiskey,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

N. B. *ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.*

November 20. mo2

## Mail Stage—New Line.

THE Harrisburgh and Pittsburgh NORTHERN ROUTE MAIL-STAGE, will commence running on the 29th inst.—To start from the house of Mrs. Buehler, in Harrisburgh, on Tuesday at 12 o'clock, and arrive same evening at Clarke's Ferry; Wednesday night at Lewistown; Thursday night at Huntingdon; Friday night at Blairs' Gap; Saturday night at Armagh; Sunday night at New Salem, and arrive in Pittsburgh at 12 o'clock on Monday, at the house of Mrs. Morrow. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12 o'clock on Tuesday, and by the same stages, arrive in Harrisburgh, on Monday following at 12 o'clock.

Rates of Fare $14 for the whole distance, and 7 cents per mile for each way passenger.

14 lbs Baggage allowed to a passenger.

JOHN BLAIR.

January 14——293M

## FOR SALE,

A few Barrels,

### Mackinaw White Fish.

*WANTED TO PURCHASE.*

### Flaxseed Oil and Beeswax.

THOMAS G. LEA & CO.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 19, 1819. 12t

## I. DOANE,

*Offers for sale at his ware-house on the Bank near Wood street.*

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

### Ironmongery,

*CUTLERY &c.—Among which are*

Mouse-hole Anvils. Vices. Saws,
Round Iron, Spikes, nails, steel, &c. &c.

ALSO,

Tar, mackerel, shad, herrings and rosin by the barrel.

### Commission Business,

*Attended to as usual.*

Pittsburgh, Jan. 8, 1819.—3t

## Fresh Garden Seeds.

THE subscriber has just received his Spring supply of fresh GARDEN & FLOWER SEEDS, and some fine FLOWERING BULBS, He has also, ASPARAGUS PLANTS, from one to three years old, and a few hundred Grafted Apple and Cherry TREES, of the best sort.

N. RICHARDSON,

4th between Market and Wood streets.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

## The Subscriber

OFFERS his services to his friends and the public as a

### Surveyor;

and he hopes by his industry and attention to business to merit a portion of public patronage.

MAGNUS M'MURRAY.

Pittsburgh, March 5.

## C. Latshaw and Leech,

HAVE FOR SALE AT THEIR WAREHOUSE

*Corner of Smithfield and Second streets,*

SHOVELS & spades, Amer. Man. sup. quality, Pig Lead, Tobacco,
Anvils and Vices, Calf and sheep skins, Window Glass, Sickles,

*Also, an assortment of*

GROCERIES, viz.

Green coffee in barrels, Lump sugar, Alspice, Pepper, Allum, Almonds. Spanish segars,
4th proof Jam. spirits Cogniac Brandy, Rice, Chocolate, Raisins in boxes, Cod Fish, Corks.

### Conemaugh Salt.

Ditto Refined for Table use.

*JUST RECEIVED,*

18 *Barrels New Orleans* Sugar.

*Pittsburgh, July 17, 1818.*

## Anshutz & Rahm,

HAVE

### Removed

TO the House lately occupied by Messrs. ALLEN & GRANT

*hey have for sale, a handsome assortment of*

### Juniata Bar, & Roll'd Iron, NAILS,

*CROWLY AND BLISTERED STEEL,*

IRON WARE,

*Of different kinds, Axes, Hoes, Plough-Irons, &c.*

A LARGE SUPPLY OF KENTUCKY

### Tobacco,

OF A GOOD QUALITY.

### Geneva Window Glass,

*BAR LEAD,*

30,000 lbs. Shot, assorted,

ALSO

20 bbls. prime Country Sugar

*30 barrels best quality*

NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR

Pittsburgh, April 17, 1818.——2awtf

## Eichbaum & Johnston,

*BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS*

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE

### WESTERN CALCULATOR,

OR A

NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM

OF PRACTICAL

### ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING THE

*LEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,*

IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.

ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED

*n a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.*

IN EIGHT PARTS.

BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.

September 1, 1818 tf

## Wm. Hill and Brothers,

WILL PURCHASE AT FAIR PRICES,

*FLOUR, WHISKEY, PORK,*

Vinegar,
Peas & Beans,
Tallow,
Hogs-lard

Pittsburgh, January 8, 1819 ——2awtf

## Samuel Thomson

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has taken into partnership his brother John Thomson. Their business will in future be transacted at the old stand in Market street, under the firm of

### S. & J. THOMSON,

*Who have just received a large and general assortment of*

### FRESH GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

EXTRA Super and Fine blue, black, brown mixed, drab and bottle-green CLOTHS.
Habit and Pelisse Cloths,
Milled and common Cassimeres,
Blue, black, mixed, drab and colored ditto
Bombazetts, Flannels, Baize, Blankets,
Worsted, silk and cotton Hose,
Ditto ditto ditto and beaver gloves,
Cords, velvets and Sattinetts,
Super undress'd and dress'd Prints,
6-4 & 4-4 Gingham,
6-4 & 4-4 colored cambric,
Cambric, jaconet, and mull muslins,
Book, Leno and figured do.

*IRISH LINENS,*

British and Steam Loom Shirting,
Long lawn and linen cambric,
Domestic stripe, plaid and shirting,
6-4 and 4-4 cotton check,
6-4 7-4 9-4 10-4 and 12-4 Irish table Linen.
Scotch Plaids and Gingham Robes,
Linen and cotton ticking,
Swansdown, Marseilles and silk vesting,
Flag and company bandanna hkfs.
Black silk and Madrass ditto
Leventine, damask and Waterloo Shawls,
Fancy silk hhkfs.
Black Ostrich feathers,
Levantine, Florence and Senshaw silks,
Plain and corded silk velvet,
Thread, silk and cotton lace,
Web, net and Patent suspenders,
Gilt, plated and silk buttons,
Knives and forks, pen-knives and Razors,
Wilson's butcher and shoe knives,
Tutannia and iron table and tea spoons,
Real shell and mock combs,
Young Hyson Tea and Chocolate,
Pepper, Allspice, Ginger Nutmegs,
Cinnamon and cloves,

*BEST SPANISH SEGARS,*

A general assortment of

SHOES,

Which they will sell on reasonable terms, for cash or approved notes.

☞ All those indebted to S. Thomson are requested to call and settle their accounts.—All debts not settled before the 1st of January 1819. will be left in proper hands for collection.

Pittsburgh, November 13, 1818.

N. B. As there is another house in Market street, trading under a firm of the same name, it will necessaty for those who correspond with us, to address their letters to us at No. 47 Market treet, as we have adopted that number in orderto prevent confusion at the Post-office.

## Armstrong & Ewing.

*Wood, between First & Second streets.*

### Have For Sale,

And are as us usual well supplied with

### Groceries and Liquors,

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

### Queensware,

BY THE CRATE—assorted

*Also an Invoice of*

### HARDWARE:

Consisting of Mill and Cross-cut saws—Mouse hole and common Anvils; Vices; patent Straw Knives; Drawing Knives; Frying-pans; Steelyards; Curry-combs; Iron Candlesticks; trowels &c. which will be disposed of on liberal terms.

ALSO

A quantity of first rate CLARET WINE, by the dozen.

Pittsburgh, September 18, 1818.

## Corn & Rye.

*SIXTY TWO CENTS—CASH,*

Given for merchantable

### CORN & RYE

*At the Pittsburgh Steam-mill*

January 19t

# Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1819.


The Legislature of Pennsylvania has at length risen without realizing the sanguine hopes that were entertained, very generally, as to the grandeur of their acts. We cannot complain of the exertions of the western members; they did as much as they could. We believe their labours have been unremitting; but the truth of the matter is, that our Legislature is composed of such a heterogeneous mass from the middle counties, who either do not comprehend the real interests of the state, or who are so much under the influence of a narrow, illiberal jealousy, that nothing beneficial, on a great scale, can be expected. Whilst New-York, Maryland, and even Virginia, which has been proverbial for being entirely deficient of any thing like the spirit of internal improvement, have devoted the greatest portion of their last session to this interesting subject, Pennsylvania has whiled away her precious moments as if her prosperity was settled beyond the reach of fate. It is melancholy; it is enough to deter the talents and enterprize of the western section from ever seeking, or even accepting, a seat in her councils. When our members arrive in Harrisburgh, they conceive that the interests of the state are obvious; we at the extreme are confident of them; they think that they need only to be mentioned to strike every mind, and that the powers of argument are entirely unnecessary to enforce conviction. What must be their disappointment then, on entering the legislative hall, to discover that they have to contend with prejudice, folly and ignorance, and that the extent of the public spirit, whose co-operation they have to expect, is just on a level with that which instigates half a dozen of citizens to petition a county court for a road, that a mill or a church may be more accessible. As for the public weal, it is out of the question; if every man cannot get the turnpike by his own door, he is indifferent, if he does not oppose it. After this last trial it would be prudent, probably, to give up the unprofitable contest, and let the middle, and more populous counties manage the concerns themselves. We had a representation this session which we had a right to expect would have made an impression: we are proud in believing that Lowry, Forward, Coulter, Marks, and Gilmore, maintained a respectable stand; when these men, some of whom may be viewed as having acquired considerable skill in the management of affairs, have failed, in the great attempt, what right have we to anticipate any future success? It is somewhat surprising, however, that the example of New-York, and even of the general government on the subject of the Cumberland road, had not incited our legislature to a correct appreciation of public utility. Why is the former called on all occasions, the great and patriotic state? Why has she incited the attention of every part of America? Surely not for her exertions in the field of party caucussing; surely not for her celibrety in indulging in the petty contests of mere township interests. No! it is because she has commenced one of the most stupendous works of modern times; because by her daring enterprize and perseverance, she has convinced the world that she is competent to the task of completing it; and because the views of her citizens have been so disciplined that when questions of public moment are in agitation, party feeling and sectional interest are hushed into absolute silence. Whatever may be the political intrigues of their great men at home, they are only known abroad by the splendour of their plans for public improvement. Happy must that state be whose prominent features, even in these times of party fermentation, are zeal and devotion to the physical advancement of its territory! and brilliant must be its destinies when politics are made a secondary consideration! We have looked on with more than Beotian stupidity—it is thus that the savage views at a distance the grand march of the arts and agriculture, and turns with insensate joy to the *comforts* of his blanket and of his wigwam.

## Law of Pennsylvania.

*A Supplement to an act entitled "An act regulating Banks."*

WHEREAS by the eighteenth section of an act passed on the the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and fourteen entitled "An act regulating banks," it is enacted, that if it shall appear that the charters and privileges by the said act granted to any of the banks therein mentioned, are injurious to the citizens of this commonwealth, the legislature shall have full power to revoke & annul them, or any of them, at any time they may think proper: Therefore,

SECT. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That from and after the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, if any bank incorporated by the act of the twenty-first of March one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, entitled, "An act regulating banks," shall refuse to pay in the legal coin of the United States, any notes issued by said bank, and made payable on demand, the charter of such bank so refusing to pay, shall be absolutely null and void, and of no effect whatsoever, except that such bank shall be liable in its corporate capacity for the fulfilment of all contracts and agreements previously made and entered into by said bank, and the stockholders shall have power to elect directors as usual and be capable of compelling the fulfilment of any contract entered into with said bank, previously to the said refusal of payment. *Provided*, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to prevent any banking company, whose charter may become forfeited under the provisions of this act from continuing or renewing the notes or obligations of those who may be indebted to them as occasion may require.

SECT. 2. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That upon the refusal of any of the aforesaid banks to pay their notes in the legal coin of the U. States as aforesaid, it shall, and may be lawful for the holder of any note or notes so refused to be paid and redeemed, to make application in writing to any judge of the court of common pleas of the county in which such bank is situated, to allow him or her to make proof of such refusal on oath or affirmation, by at least one disinterested witness, before said judge, whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing, and to transmit the same forthwith to the Governor, except the holder or holders of such note or notes, or any person or persons for whose benefit the same shall be presented, shall have been, and is at the time of presenting the same, a broker or dealer in the sale and exchange of bank notes, or a person habitually in the practice of receiving or buying the same at a sum less than their nominal value, which shall be ascertained by the oath of the party applying as above to the judge, and by the testimony of disinterested witnesses. *Provided always*, That the president or cashier of the said bank, shall in all cases have ten days notice of the time and place of making such proof as aforesaid, and of rebutting the same by testimony.

SECT. 3. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That it shall be the duty of the governor immediately on the receipt of the written proof specified in the second section of this act, to issue his proclamation declaring the charter of such bank null and void and of no effect whatsoever, except for the purpose of paying and collecting their debts, and of continuing and renewing their notes and obligations as provided in the first section of this act.

SECT. 4. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the forfeiture of the charter of any bank under the operation of this act, shall be deemed to have taken effect from the date of the governor's proclamation declaring the same.

SECT. 5. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That if any of the banks whose charters shall have been declared void as aforesaid, shall in violation of the provisions of this act, issue its own notes, the directors consenting to the same shall each in his individual capacity be liable for the payment of the same, and if any new loan or dividend be made or declared, the directors consenting to the same shall be liable each in his individual capacity to pay the amount thereof, to any person or persons holding notes of the bank, or having deposits therein to an equal amount, who shall first sue for the recovery of the same.

SECT. 6. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That from and after the first day of August next, whenever the holder of any note issued by any bank established by any act of the legislature, and made payable on demand, shall present the same for payment at the bank by which it was issued, and the payment thereof in specie shall be refused, it shall be the duty of the president or cashier of said bank, and he is hereby required to make at the same time an indorsement on said note, setting forth the day and year when the payment thereof was demanded, and to subscribe his name thereto, and from thenceforth, the said note shall bear an interest of six per cent per annum; And in case the president or cashier of any bank shall neglect or refuse to make an indorsement at the time, and in the manner hereinbefore required, upon any note issued by such bank, the payment whereof in specie shall have been refused as aforesaid, he shall forfeit and pay to the holder of such note the sum of twenty five dollars, to be recovered before any justice of the peace in the same manner as debts of like amount are or may be by law recoverable. *Provided*, That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent any bank from redeeming its own notes with the notes of any other bank in whose behalf the same shall be presented for payment.

SECT. 7. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the time allowed by this act for the final close and settlement of the affairs of the said banks, shall not extend beyond the period to which the duration of their original charters was limited.

The following, taken from La Belle Assemblee is a curious account of a dead Monk's re-animation.

It is a well known fact, that throughout all the monasteries in Sicily, the dead bodies of all the Monks are dried and made to stand erect in niches placed round a kind of sepulcharal chamber, where one of the brothers of the holy order takes it in turn to watch for two hours every night, to put them in constant mind of the last awful change that every one is destined to undergo.

A Monk of Palermo, was passing part of the night in the manner above mentioned, when in the interval of his devotional exercises, he fancied he heard every now and then a very unusual noise; and looking stedfastly at that part of the room from which it proceeded, he perceived one of the dead Monks nod to him: he held up his lamp, and the head nodded again; he instantly hastened up stairs to the convent, to acquaint the brethren with this fearful omen. The Monks laughed at his fears and persuaded him it was a mere illusion of the imagination; he, therefore assumed courage to return, but took care to go to a different part of these extensive galleries, where he remained a while in anxious suspense. Finding all still and motionless, he began to think he must have been deceived by his imagination, and therefore returned to his former station, and fixed his eyes on the same dead Monk. He again saw the head move and nod at him. Away he ran, and declared that all the saints in the callender should not persuade him go down again; he was now so positive of the fact he had witnessed, that considerable alarm prevailed in the convent. The Monks were called together, and eight or ten descended into the apartment with candles and holy water. They were brought opposite the dead body in question, but just as they drew up, a nod of the head put them all to flight. When the Superior was informed of it, he was extremely angry, and declared some English heretick had got in and played this trick; he therefore went down himself with another party. As they descended to the galleries their fears in some degree abated and after advancing cautiously to the place, the Superior held up his lamp to the Monk. It was no illussion, life had, indeed, once more entered this frail tenement of mortality! At that very moment the head shook violently and fell from the body, when out flew—not the soul of a Monk, but a living rat, which had made its nest in the skull.

This a fact which happened lately, and is well known and authenticated at Palermo.

From the Liverpool Advertiser of Jan. 18.

### *ISLAND OF SUMATRA.*

By the arrival of the Kingston, from Java, intelligence of much importance as affecting the British interests in the Indian Seas, has been received. The Governor of Fort Malborough, (Sir Thomas Raffles) has displayed his characteristic energy and activity since his arrival in Sumatra, and has anxiously endeavoured to extend the British influence over the whole of that valuable and extensive island. Sumatra has hitherto been very little known. The European establishments are entirely on the coast—Europeans have never penetrated into the interior. All attempts to do so were reckoned desperate; no European would embark in them. The population of the interior were considered as savages, and the mountains impassable, and yet the natives would still bring down ther gold, and cassia and camphor, &c. for which Sumatra has from the earliest ages been famous. The Governor felt that there was but one alternative, and that was to open the road by going himself. His enterprize was crowned with success. He peneterated into the interior in three different directions, to the southward inland of Manna, to the important provinces occupied by a people called the Passummahs; to the northward to Menangcabon the far famed capital of the Malay empire; and inland of Bencoolen, across the island to Palembang.

The result has been, the discovery of a mine of wealth—a country highly cultivated and abounding in precious metals. The Passummahs are an athletic fine race of men, and are much superior to the people on the coast; they are agricultural and numerous. At Menangcabon he was gratified with a population and country fully equal to any part of Java. Within the space of twenty miles the population does not fall short of a million. In short it is the Governor's opinion, that with little encouragement, far greater resources are to be found in Sumatra than the British have derived from Java; but much remains to be done. A central government must be established, the whole Island must be brought under control, and the avenues of commerce now closed up, re-opened. Our readers are aware, that Melangcabon was the place whence all the gold that gave Melano the name of the Golden Chersonesus was carried.

These discoveries have not, however, been made without great personal risk and fatigue. The country could only be explored on foot—mountains 6000 feet high were to be crossed, and rocks, precipices and forests to be traversed. For many nights, the party had no shelter but the leaves they could collect after a day's journey; and their journies were seldom less than from twenty to thirty miles a day, over the very worst roads that ever were passed. In this expedition the Governor was accompanied by lady Raffles; she was occasionally carried on a man's back, but generally walked, as the roads were too bad to admit of her being carried in a chair. Doctor Arnold, physician and naturalist, fell a sacrifice to the fatigue, and died of a violent fever. Dr. Horsefield, who accompanied the governor to Menangcabon, was on the 12th of August, the date of our latest intelligence from Fort Malborough, dangerously ill with a dysentery, but we hope his life will be spared to carry home the important collections he has made both in Java and Sumatra.

As this was the first appearance of the European authority in the interior, lady Raffles was the most peaceable standard the party could hoist. It was impossible for the natives to consider their object warlike, when the governor proceeded unarmed and confided his wife to their hospitally.

They found the country beautiful and magnificent. Sir Thomas Stamford Raffles has thrown the trade open and reformed all the establishments. Treaties have been entered into with the Princes of Menangcabon.

### TIBER SEARCHED.

The company which have obtained leave to search the bed of the Tiber, have published their prospectus. After adverting to the different attempts previously made, it is observed: "What ought not to be hoped from a company, which by a simple and unexpensive process, proposes to search the bed of this rich river, the Porta Milvius and the Porta d'Ostra, with machines that will separate all other substances from the earth which forms the bed of the river. Though the historians do not indicate with precision the valuable objects, the metallic riches, the work of architecture, and other remains of the fine arts, which have been thrown into the Tiber, various circumstances nevertheless authorize the belief that a great quantity of ancient relicks of high value are contained in that river." This undertaking which is authorrized by the Papal government, is supported by subscriptions of 120 shares of 500 scudi each, 200 of which will be restored on the termination of the enterprise. All the articles found are to be collected in a mass, and a price fixed by persons capable of valuing them. The government is to have the preference as a purchaser, and to be allowed an abatement of one sixth of the price. Whatever the government will not purchase may be exported, on the payment to the treasurer of one sixth of the value. The profits of the speculation are to be thus divided, viz. two eighths to the government, one eighth to the director, M. Naro, and five eighths to the share holders. Subscriptions were to be received until the end of February this year. The Dutchess of Devonshire one of the persons of distinction who favor this enterprize.

*Union*

### MIRACULOUS SPRING.

A spring discovered in the neighbourhood of Fomcoeping, in Sweden, has attracted for a year past, an extraordinary sensation in the kingdom. The power of this spring to cure all human diseases, is pretended to have been revealed to a woman residing there, by the voice of an invisible being: and this revelation has appeared in print in 30 pages. Patients flock to it from all the districts 60 leagues to the north of Stockholm, and even from Norway; the whole neighbourhood is thronged with them, and many have sold every thing they had in the world to be able to visit it. Carriages loaded with this precious water are met on all the roads; in every town it is offered for sale; and in Stockholm it is paid for by the bottle at the same price as wine. However, no patient who has been cured by it can be named, & the chemical analysis, which is printed, shows nothing but good pure spring water. In the month of July last, a ceremony took place, at Lynassas, for the purpose of formally consecrating it, under the name of the *Miraculous Fountain*, on which occasion divine service was performed.—*Ibid.*

### INDELIBLE INK.

The purple precipitate of Cassius is recommended in the Italian journals as an indilible ink, much superior to that of silver. That part of the linen on which is to be the writing, is first to be moistened with a solution of recently made muriate of tin, and when dry to be written on with solution of gold, and then washed in water. The writing, which will become black, is not at all affected by washing, and with great difficulty by any other agent, and not before the cloth is destroyed.—*Ib.*

*Extraordinary Case of a Convict recently Pardoned.*—A young man named George Matthews, of Ireland, was tried at the Old Bailey in February last, convicted, and senteneed to die, for a robbery on his master, William Whaley, Esq. In the beginning of the following month, the Hon Bennent, and Mr. Alderman Wood, while visiting the jail of Newgate, were induced from some circumstances, which had previously come to their knowledge, to examine the youth Matthews, when they derived from him such information as demanded farther inquiry. From that time to the present day, Mr. Alderman Wood, assisted by Mr. Marmer, the Solicitor, and with the active co-operation of Lord Sidmouth, and the under Secretary of State, Mr. Hobhouse, have continued a progressive and unwearied investigation of this mysterious case, the result of which has enabled them successfully to establish Matthews' innocence, and to obtain for him a gracious free pardon from his Royal Highness the Prince Regent.


## NOTICE

IS hereby given to Mr. FERDNANT ANTON UNGER, Taylor by profession, that I returned from Germany in January last, and have brought my brother, and one of my brother's sons with me, and that he can find me by enquiring at the Post Office in Hager'stown, Maryland.

FREDERICK ERNST UNGER.

March 30, 1819. 6tcTL.

**Blanks for sale here.**

## Company Election.

THE first battalion are hereby notified to meet by companies, to elect company officers, as follows.

The third company will meet at the house of James O'Neal, on Monday, the 5th of April next, to elect one captain, and one second lieutenant for said company.

The sixth company will meet at the house of Samuel Bryson, in Grant street, on Tuesday the 6th of April, next, to elect one first lieutenant and one ensign for said company.

The eighth company will meet at the house of David Murray, in Second street, on Wednesday the 7th of April, to elect one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant and one ensign, for said company.

The fourth company will meet at the sign of the Green Tree, in Wood street, on Thursday, the 8th of April, to elect one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, and one ensign for said company.

The fifth company will meet at the house of Samuel St. John, in Wood street, on Friday the ninth of April, to elect one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, and one ensign, for said company.

WILLIAM ARTHURS,
Major, 1st Battalion, 87th Reg. P. M.

March 30.

## For Rent,

A HOUSE, in Wood street, between Front and Second streets, now occupied by Mr. Tait, Saddler. It consists of a good Store Room, Cellar and dwelling house. For terms apply to

JAMES W. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, March 9. tf

## Conveyancing.

THE subscriber having resigned his situation as clerk of the County Commissioners, is enabled to attend more exclusively to the business of Conveyancing.

WRITINGS of every description, will be neatly drawn, on moderate terms and on the shortest notice.

He hopes from his knowledge of the business, and his industry and attention to merit and receive a liberal share of conveyancing custom.

JAMES M. RIDDLE.

Pittsburgh, November 17, 1818.

## Walter Fortune,

BLACK & WHITE-SMITH, AND SADDLE-TREE MANUFACTURER,

*In Fourth, two doors above Wood street,*

PITTSBURGH;

EVER grateful to his customers and the public in general, for the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement of business in this city, and he hopes from his strict attention to business to give general satisfaction to those that favor him with their custom; and while he thus returns thanks, he would inform them, that he continues to manufacture all kinds of

**Saddle-Trees,**

*Equal to any in the United States,*

—ALSO—

Wood Axes, Foot Adz, Broad Axes, Hand, Shingling and Lathing Hatchets, Plough Irons, and all sorts of

*EDGE TOOLS*

All of the above, will be warranted to be as good as any made in this country.

SMITH-WORK of all kinds, neatly executed.

Orders from any part of the Western country, thankfully received and attended to with punctuality and despatch.

January 22, 1819——3m

*** WANTED to purchase, from 3 to 500 HAMES.

TWO Journeymen Saddle-tree makers are wanting, with whom an engagement may be made for 2 or 3 years. Generous wages will be given.

Three *Apprentices* will be taken to the above business.

## ORMSBY AND DOANE,

HAVE FOR SALE

100 kegs first quality Manufac. Tobacco,
30 Tons assorted Castings,
Juniata Bar Iron,
Plough Plates,
20 Bushels Hickory Nuts,
Rosin Soap,

**56 bbls. rectified Lake Salt,**

*Axes, Nails, Chains, &c. &c.*

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1819.

## New Plane Manufactory.

**SWETMAN, HUGHES & CO**

*Wood street, between Diamond Alley & Fourth street.*

BEG leave to inform MERCHANT'S MECHANICS and others, that they have made extensive arrangements, by which they will be enabled to prosecute the above busines to advantage; and having wrought in the first manufactories of the union, and within the last year or two executed all the work for Mr. Wm. Scott of this city, that will be able to execute any orders they may be favored with on more moderate terms and equal if not superior to any establishment of the kind in the Western country.

Liberal discounts made for prompt payment or acceptances in the city.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1818.——

## NEW MUSIC.

THE subscriber has just received an additional supply of

**New Music and Musical INSTRUMENTS.**

Which with his stock on hand, comprises the most complete assortment ever offered for sale in this place—consisting of

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| VIOLINS | from | $ 3 to 30 |
| Flutes | | 3 to 12 |
| Clarionets | | 10 to 16 |
| Flageolets | | 1 to 9 |
| Fifes | | 50 cents to 3 |
| Violin Bows | | 1 to 3 |
| Violincellos | | 40 |

*Also a variety of New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.*

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

# PITTSBURGH.

## Friday, April 9. 1819.


The Editor of the Pittsburgh Gazette presents his compliments to the Editor of the Washington City Gazette, and thanks him for the handsome manner in which he has noticed some of his late editorial articles, particularly the one which he has copied into his paper of Wednesday the 24th of March, under the head of "Official Appointments."—It is so seldom that the Atlantic prints condescend to notice the western journals, that the compliment is highly felt, particularly when paid in the columns of a paper so respectable and independent as the Washington City Gazette; but it is doubly appreciated, when our own views are so powerfully enforced as they are in the preliminary observations to the article alluded to. The western people are grateful for such liberality of remark on a subject on which they have cause to be tender; and the Washington City Gazette has afforded us a pleasant medium through which to waft our murmurs to the throne of state. As long as they are confined to our own humble pages, we feel satisfied that they would never be heard within the magic circle that bounds the district of Columbia.

The western people have as yet found no eulogist; when the American population is spoken of, it is understood to apply to that portion of the union which extends along the seaboard from Savannah to Maine, without turning the attention to that delightful part of our continent that stretches west of the Apalachian to the Mexican frontier; or, if we are taken into view, it is with that kind of association of idea not flattering to our pride; the axe, the rifle and the cabin are the invariable characteristics of a transmontane picture, with a wolf dog baying in perspective. The enterprize, the darkness, the independence, the unbounded ambition for improvement, both mental and physical, are omitted or are unknown. The lovely Ohio is yet viewed as the grand river of Chauteaubriand, that still rolls its floods for a thousand miles through a scene of stillness and of silence; a silence unbroken save when the wild deer plunges into its stream, or the yell of the savage is re-echoed from its hills. The hundred villages that have sprung upon its banks are viewed as the romance of a Gaudentio; still less is faith given to the probability of our increasing growth; but we call the attention of sound sense to the city of Pittsburgh; what was twenty-five years ago a frontier village, cowering on Indian property, and liable to the daily incursion of Indian hostility is now an extensive city, surrounded by *fauxbourgs*, the seat of arts, and the birthplace of western manufactures; and although the thick atmosphere of smoke which is so disagreeable to strangers, involves it in continued gloom, yet its inhabitants hail with pleasure the approach of taste, and adopt with ease, the rules of fashion. We would call to mind the city of Cincinnati, the "loveliest" town of the west; here where lately stood the frontier post of Fort Washington, enterprize and agriculture have made their favourite residence. The colony of Idomeneus, even with the assistance of the magic pen of Feneton, rose not more rapidly into greatness. It is surrounded by every advantage and possesses what a celebrated architect called "great capabilities;" and natural capability and susceptibilities, are all a western citizen wants; his own enterprize is his capital, and he never fails to succeed. It would be unnecessary to enlarge on the claims to eminence of either Lexington or Louisville; they are both destined to be great and important places, the one as an inland town & the other as a commercial depot.

The people whose judgment selected these towns and whose exertions have made them great, must be worthy of some notice; their conduct during the last war entitles them to respect, and their population and extent of territory will not permit them to brook indignity from the head of government, however popular & however respectable that head may be. We are the last persons who would cavil at the acts of Mr. Monroe; we considered his election as an interesting era in the history of American politics; he came to heal the wounds of party, and soften the asperities of opposition. Besides, he came in that character, to us the most interesting that human nature can appear in, a soldier of the revolution; we hailed his success with real joy. But our worthy chief magistrate ought to remember that besides the old division of party, there is likewise an eastern and western interest to be reconciled, and this is not to be done by dealing out offices of honour and trust in the manner indicated by the late list of appointments.

COMMUNICATED.

Extract of a Letter.

*Steam Boat James Ross out-run by the Tamerlane, built by The Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company.*

A letter from a gentleman on board the Tamerlane dated 9th ult. states, that she performed a trip from New-Orleans to Natchez in *five and an half hours less than three days*; during which time she lost 8½ hours, in taking in wood and passengers. This is 14 hours less than the time taken by the *James Ross*.

N. B. Though the Tamerlane is about the same tonnage as the Ross, she is intrinsically worth from 8 to $10,000 more, on account of the cost for extra strength &c. and as their engines are of the same size, it is evident that of the Tamerlane is superior, as it drives a vessel much heavier and of more beam, with superior speed, both engines working on the patent principles of Oliver Evans.

FROM THE NEW YORK GAZETTE.

### *DOMESTICK ECONOMY.*

Letter to Dr. S. L. MITCHELL, on the Oil of Pumpkin Seeds, by C. S. RAFINESQUE.

NEW YORK, 20th Feb. 1819.

While I was at Harmony, on the banks of the Wabash, in the state of Indiana, last summer, I was told by the industrious German Society of the Harmonists, that instead of throwing away or giving to the pigs the seeds of their pumpkins, as is usually done all over the country; they collected them and made an oil from them which they use for all the purposes of lamp oil and olive oil. It is well known that all the different species and varieties of pumpkins, (genus *Cucurbita* of Linneus) afford an oil, which has valuable medical properties, possessing in the highest degree the refrigerent quality; but I had never heard before of its being made on a large scale; and for economical uses.

*Extraordinary Meteor.*—A letter from a Mr. Thompson, of Bridgwater, Vermont, gives the following account of a large and brillant Meteor, which was seen by many people in that part of the state, on the evening of the 23d ult.—"Happening to be out at the time, I had the pleasure of witnessing the whole of the interesting Phenomenon. The whole hemisphere in a twinkling became illuminated; and turning suddenly around, I beheld, a few degrees west of the zenith, the body from which the light emanated. Its apparent diameter was about two thirds as large as the moon when full. It descended very rapidly towards the southwest, traversing, I should judge, about 40 degrees, and then disappeared. Its descent was oblique to the horizon, making an angle with it of, perhaps, 65 degrees. It was visible about three seconds, and had the appearance of iron in a furnace as it begins to fuse, emitting a very white light. The meteor was followed by a train of light resembling a blaze, & sparkles were, at several times, thrown off from the main body, which continued luminous at a considerable distance from it.

Stones denominated meteoric, were very probably disengaged, at the time of the sparkling, which fell to the earth; but I have not learnt that any have been discovered.

"About three minutes after the meteor disappeared, a sound commenced, nearly over head, resembling thunder, giving in succession a number of distant reports like the discharge of cannon at a distance, and passing off in the direction of the meteor. Many persons heard the reports who did not see the meteor, and thought it to be an earthquake."

*Rutland Gaz.*

The U. S. sloop of war Hornet, capt. Read, we understand is ready for sea, and will sail the first wind, for Cadiz, whither she proceeds for the purpose of carrying out the Hon. JOHN FORSYTH, our newly appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of Spain. Mr. Forsyth is accompanied by Mr. Fenwick, Secretary of Legation, and Mr. Read, his private Secretary. The Hornet on accomplishing the object of her voyage, will return immediately from Cadiz to Boston.—*Boston Gaz.*

Mr. Eleazar Williams, who is of Indian extraction, and who has for some time successfully laboured in the religious instruction of the Oneidas, has lately been in Boston, with a young Indian Chief, who is the son of the head warrior of the Onondagas, who was in the American service during the late war, and was killed at the battle of Chippawa. According to the usages of the Indians, he succeeds to the station of his father; and thus as one of the chiefs of the nation, will possess considerble authority.

He was instructed in the truths of christianity in early life by Abraham Brandt, a christian of the Mohawk nation, and more recently Mr. Williams has superattended to his instruction. It is his earnest desire to receive an education which may qualify him for exercising the ministry among his countrymen; for which office he is fitted by his talents, and his pious and amicable disposition.

*Salem Gaz*

From the Comptroller's Report to the Legislature, says the New-York Gazette, it appears, that the sum of $26,786 43 is annually paid into the treasury, by the several Clerks of the Supreme Court of this state; and out of that sum is paid to them, for their salaries, including office expense, the sum of 11,600 dols.—thus leaving in the treasury the sum of 15,186 dollars and 43 cents, to be enjoyed by the state as a revenue derived from litigation!

*From Lisbon.*—Capt. Rose, in 35 days passage from that port, informs that many crews of Portuguese vessels, captured by privateers bearing Artigas' flag, had lately arrived there. They uniformly reported that the privateers were wholly manned by citizens of the U. States, and the crews acknowledged that they were owned in and fitted out of ports of the United States. This had a most unfavorable impression on our national character in Portugal.

### *FOREIGN ARTICLES.*

INTERNAL IMPROTEMENT.

The Hanoverians and Prussians have agreed to make the river Ems navigable within three years, for ships of 300 tons. By a communication which the latter have determined to make with the river Lippe, there will be a water communication from the north of Germany with the Rhine, from Emden to Wesel. The expense is calculated at 500,000*l.* sterling Perhaps Emden may thus rise at the expense of Bremen. A communication of the Elbe and the Rhine, by means of canals, would perhaps be the greatest possible improvement to the trade of Germany: but it is not to be expected, till public spirit should pervade the disunited provinces of the confederation. A canal is in contemplation between the Baltic and the Elbe; but the way of executing it is not yet agreed upon. Lubeck would be ruined by the loss of the Russian trade, if the projected canal did not pass by it, as it easily might by means of the river Stecknedz, which plan had already been begun under the French Usurpation. Denmark wishes to lead it through Holstein; Mecklenberg wants it to go thro' its own territory from Wismar, to some little town on the banks of the Elbe.

A Paragraph from Aix-la-Chapelle affirms, that important negotiations are at this moment on foot between the Courts of Berlin and of the Tuileries. Courtiers heavily laden with despatches, are said to pass between the French and Prussian capitals twice in every week. No hint is thrown out as to the nature of the alleged negotiations.

Count Las Cassas has published the copy of a petition to the English parliament, the object of which is to persuade that government to grant Bonaparte a residence either in Great Britain or the U. States.

*Five Greek Antiquities in the Crimea*—Among the curosities of this place are the remains of antiquities of the time of the Greeks, who planted colonies here. In the beginning of August last, in digging up a hill, a stone vault was discovered which contained a corpse six feet & a half long, in a very good state of preservation. The head was ornamented with a gold garland of laurels, and on the forehead a golden medal, which represents a man's head, with the inscription "Philip." On both sides of the corpse stood golden & earthen vessels, as was the custom among the Greeks, also several gold chains & ear-rings: & on one of the fingers was a gold ring with a valuable stone, on which were represented a male and female figure, all of exquisite workmanship. From all this it may be concluded, that this was the burying place of one of Philip's Generals.

*London pap.*

PERPETUAL MOTION.

Mr. Spence, the ingenious inventor of the constant motion by means of magnetism, has placed one of his clocks, which is driven by the unceasing action of magnets, in one of the apartments of the Observatory on the Calton Hill. It was deposited there on the morning of the 14th December last, & the keys placed in the hands of Sir George Mackensie, Bart. Vice President of the Astronomical Institution. Mr. Spence was induced to take this step, in consequence of the assertion of several individuals, that the motion was kept up by some cause different from magnetism.

The fountain of St. Allyre, which runs to Clermont-Fenand, in the department of Ruyde-Dome, is justly ranked among the wonders of nature in France, on account of the petrifying property of its waters. The various calcareous matters, held in solution by the water, penetrates so perfectly thro' bodies submitted to its action, that they become identified with them, are mingled deeply with their substance, and assume their forms; thus by their concretion, they change into solid masses, into true stones, vegetables, flowers, branches of limbs and entire animals. This phenomenon of nature, which in some measure calls to mind the fable of the Metamorphoses, has given the idea to an inhabitant of the country to carry to Paris a number of these singular productions, and to form a Cabinet of curiosities in the Croix-des-petits-Champs, No. 21. You see there a fox running after a fowl, which reminds you of the dog in the fable which reaches but never seizes the hare that does not fly from it—a spaniel always ready to follow his master—birds that are trembling with fear, so that you might think that they were petrified by fright, &c. &c. All the objects which the cabinet contains, seem as if fixed by the head of Medusa. So much does the image of life remain deeply imprinted on the victims of death, that some preserving power prevents you from noticing the seal of destruction.

*Journal de Commerce.*

*Singular properties in forest Trees.*

In the memoirs of John Evelyn, autho of the *Sylva*, a work originally published in 1641, and lately republished, we find many curious properties not generally known, of forest trees. Whether the facts related by Evelyn can be relied on, we know not; but the experiments are easily made.

THE OAK

The twigs of the oak, twisted together, dipt in wort, well dried, and then kept in barley straw, by being steeped in wort at any future time, will cause it to ferment and procure yeast.

2. The leaves of oaks, abundantly heaped on snow or ice, preserve it as well as an ice house.

3. Acorns as well as oak leaves and the masses of oaks, are sovereign remedies for many diseases.

4. Sleeping or lying under the shade of an oak tree is the best remedy for the paralysis.

*Forest Trees in general.*

1. The loppings and leaves of the elm, dried in the sun, prove a great relief to cattle when fodder is dear, and will be preferred to oats, by the cattle. The Herfordshire people gather them in sacks for this purpose and for swine.

2. Beech leaves gathered about the fall, and somewhat before they are much bitten, afford the best & easiest matrasse in the world, to lay under our quilts in place of straw. This he learnt in Dauphiny and Switzerland, where he had slept on them to his great refreshment.—In another place he tells us the French call these leafy beds, from the crackling noise they make when one turns upon them.

3. The keys of the ash when young & tender, make delicate pickle; its bark is the best for tanning nets; its wood for dryings, and for burning in a lady's chamber, being one of those which yield no smoke.

4. An excellent wine may be made from the sap of the Walnut tree. Its green husk dried and reduced to powder make excellent pepper. It is useful in corn-fields by keeping the grounds warm, and its roots do not impede the plough.

5. The sap of the sycamore and the sap of the Birch, make also excellent wine, and may also be used in brewing with such advantage that one bushel of malt make as good ale with sycamore, as four bushels with water.

6. The Lombardy Poplar ought to be used for farm houses, because mice and rats will not attack it, but will avoid such houses.

7. Ale brewed with the ripe berries of Mountain Ash, is preferred in Wales to all other drink.


120 Kegs
DUPONT'S
AND
150 Nitre-Hall
GUN-POWDER
FOR SALE BY
*GEO. BOGGS & CO.*
Pittsburgh, April 9, 1819.

SALT.

*The subscriber has, and will keep a constant supply of*
Conemaugh Salt
For Sale, at the corner of Smithfield and Second streets, Pittsburgh.
ANDREW BOGGS,
April 9.

French Paper Hangings.

*Just received and for sale a choice selection of*
*FRENCH*
*PAPER HANGINGS,*
of the newest and most fashionable patterns by
J. Towne,
Corner of Third and Wood streets.
Pittsburgh, April 9, 1819.

Pittsburgh Soap Factory

THE subscriberss have a SOAP FACTORY in complete operation, and will constantly have a large supply of this article, warranted equal to any manufactured in the country, which they will dispose of at reduced prices.
WM. HILL & BROTHERS.
April 9.

WE wish to let that eligible stand for business at the corner of Market and Front streets, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. Peebles, Tweedy & Co.

To my Creditors.

TAKE NOTICE that I have applied to the judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Washington, in the state of Pennsylvania, for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that they have appointed the third Monday of May next, to hear me and my creditors, at the court house in the the borough of Washington, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.
JOSEPH NEWELL.
Washington Jail, April 3, 1819.

Change of Position.

SAMUEL MACKEY Boot and Shoe maker informs his friends and Customers, that he has removed to Wood street, second door above Fourth, west side. In addition to his former line, he will manufacture
*Lady's Boots and Shoes of Morocco and Leather of the first quality.*
Pittsburgh, April 9.

30 Barrels New-Orleans
SUGAR,
FOR SALE BY
*CROMWELL, DOBBIN & PEEBLES.*
Pittsburgh, April 9.

Farmers Wanted.

WANTED two sober, industrious Farmers to work upon a Farm in Illinois. The advertiser will take them down with him.
A man or two going to Illinois or St. Louis, can be accommodated with a passage to Shawanoetown. Apply to Mr. Davis, at the City Hotel,
April 9.

FLOUR
FOR
*WAGGONERS,*
WARRANTED to suit the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, for sale at the
*PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL.*
April 9.

Pittsburgh Academy.

A MEETING of the Trustees will be held at the Academy on the evening of Monday the 26th instant.
As the property of this Institution, will probably soon be transferred to the "*Western University of Pennsylvania,*" it is expected that gentlemen having any agency in the management of the estate, or in any degree responsible for the collection or payment of the debts due the academy, will on that evening come prepared, with such reports and statements, as will enable the Board to form a correct estimate of all the resources of the Institution.
GEORGE STEVENSON, Pres't
of the Board of Trustees.
April 6, 1819.

*STATE OF NEW-YORK.*

Literature Lottery, No. 1,
WILL commence drawing on the 24th May, and finsih on the 30th May, 1819. The whole to be drawn in SIX DAYS, only.
SCHEME.
*ONE PRIZE OF*
$30,000

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 Prizes of | $10,000 | is | $20,000 |
| 5 Prizes of | 5,000 | is | 25,000 |
| 30 Prizes of | 1,000 | is | 30,000 |
| 15 Prizes of | 500 | is | 7,500 |
| 15 Prizes of | 200 | is | 3,000 |
| 32 Prizes of | 100 | is | 3,200 |
| 3252 Prizes of | 25 | is | 81,000 |

3352 Prizes.
6648 Blanks.
*The Prizes only, will be drawn.*
NO STATIONARY PRIZES.
Whole Tickets $22—Shares in proportion.
ORDERS RECEIVED AT
TOWNE'S
Lottery & Exchange Office,
Corner of Third and Wood streets,
*PITTSBURGH.*
April 2.

PATENT PLOUGHS!

*THE SUBSCRIBERS*
WISH to inform the public that they have made such arrangements as will enable them to manufacture Ploughs in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms. The iron mole will be ground completely smooth, and the Plough warranted to run well. A discount will be made to merchants and others at a distance, who purchase to sell again. All orders will be filled without delay.
*They also carry on the*
Coach & Wheelwright business,
In all its various branches, where Coaches, Gigs, Stages, Waggons, Carts, Drays, &c. will be made and repaired in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.
WM. & ROBERT LECKY.
Pittsburgh, February 26. ——tf

New Copartnership.

THE subscribers have formed a connexion in business, under the firm of SELDEN & M'NAIR.
EDWARD SELDEN
DUNNING R. M'NAIR.

SELDEN & M'NAIR,
*HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND ARE NOW OFFERING FOR SALE,*
A NEW AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS.
*In Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.*
Pittsburgh, December 1, 1818

S. Darlington,
Has just received at his *Hardware Store*, Market Street, between Third and Fourth Streets,
A general assortment of
Hardware and Cutlery,
together with a general assortment of
*SADDLERY,*
Consisting of
COTTON and straining web, plated bitts and stirrups, buckles and slides, tinned curb bitts and stirrups, morocco skins, seal skins and white leather. Shovels and spades, socket shovels and steel hoes, mill, cut, whip and boat builders saws, anvils, English blister steel, and cast steel. Also, on hand,
4000lbs. Block Tin.
All which will be sold wholesale and retail, on accommodating terms.
Pittsburgh, January 27, 1819. ——tf

## Glass Works

*To be leased for a term of Years.*

SITUATE near the mouth of Big Redstone creek, on the banks of the Monongahela river, in sight of Brownsville, Fayette county, Pa. The establishment consists of a Blowing House, 45 by 55 feet square, nearly complete, except the furnace for melting the glass—a Pot House two stories high, 30 by 60 feet—four dwelling houses, two stories high with cellars under them, calculated for two families each; all built of brick—also one two story and two one story frame dwelling houses; all contiguous to each other.

There is an extensive bank of good Stone Coal a few perches from the works; suitable ground for gardens; an orchard of good fruit, and excellent meadow and pasture land.

The Flattening House &c. can be completed during the time the furnace can be built. It is presumed that those who wish to lease the premises would wish to have the Furnace planned to suit themselves. Good stone, of an approved quality for the furnace is in abundance within a few miles of the works.

Possession can be had immediately.

JOHN JACKSON.
SAMUEL JACKSON.

Redstone Mills, April 2.

## Plaister of Paris.

*FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER, A FEW TONS SUPERIOR*

**PLAISTER OF PARIS.**

SAMUEL EDGAR, & CO.
on the bank, 5 doors west of Wood street.

April 6.

## Glaser & Camman,

*Front, between Market and Wood streets,*

HAVE FOR SALE,

**JUNIATA BAR IRON,**

ROLLED IRON,
BOILER Ditto
CUT NAILS,

**Conemaugh SALT,**

*Whiskey, Cider, & Kentucky Tobacco.*

Pittsburgh, April 2.

## Removal.

*DENNIS SAUMET, Barber and Hair Dresser,*

HAS the honour to inform his friends and the public, that he has removed his shop to Wood street, between Third and Fourth streets, opposite the Book-store of Cramer & Spear, where he will continue his exertions to give satisfaction in the line of his profession.

April 2.

## JAMES ADAMS

*Having determined to recommence the*

**Commission Business,**

at his old Warehouse in PITTSBURGH, has associated himself with LEWIS HUTCHISON, of *Maysville, (Ken.)* They will after the first inst. transact said business in all its various branches, under the firm of

**Adams & Hutchison.**

JAMES ADAMS.
LEWIS HUTCHISON.

April 2,

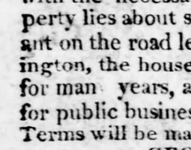
## Notice.

THE subscriber having removed to his farm, on Peters' creek, 12 miles south of Pittsburgh, and two miles from Elizabethtown, on the Monongahela river, gives this notice to all persons who may have unsettled business with me, either on my own account or where I have acted as agent for others, to call with Alexander Brackenringe, esq. attorney at law, at his office in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, who is duly authorised to transact any business of mine during my absence from the city. Those persons who know themselves indebted to me will save costs and trouble by governing themselves accordingly.

JAMES GRAY.

Mifflin Township, April 6.

## The Elegant Horse
## NORTH STAR.



WILL stand for mares this season at the stable of the subscriber, on the Brownsville road, near Mr. Wood's meeting house, from the first of April to the first of July, (every other Saturday excepted) at the rate of four dollars the season, two dollars the single leap, and seven dollars and a bushel of oats for insuring a colt—the oats to be paid when the mare is known to be with foal or not. The season money to be paid on the first of October, the leap to be paid at the time of covering, and the insurance paid when the mare is known to be with foal. The owner parting with the mare forfeits the insurace.

*NORTH STAR*

is a beautiful dark bay, rising eight years old, near 17 hands high, and well made; his size, figure and movement will recommend him to all good judges. He is remarkably good for foal getting—a great number of his colts of different ages, may be seen in the neighbourhood. His sire was the imported horse North Star, owned by Mr. Daniel Beltzhoover, in Pittsburgh.

Mares coming from a distance may be pastured, but no accountability for escapes or accidents, yet every attention will be paid.

HENRY HULS.

April 6.

## Sale of Real Estate.

IN pursuance of the last will and testament of *James M'Kean* deceased late of East Huntington township, Westmoreland county (Pa.) There will be sold on the premises on the first day of May next, the farm on which said deceased resided, situate in the township and county aforesaid; containing 353¾ acres a considerable part of which is cleared and under good fence, There are on the premises two flourishing apple orchards, a commodious log dwelling house double barn, sundry out-houses and a tan-yard with the necessary buildings.—The above property lies about six miles west of Mount Pleasant on the road leading to Pittsburgh and Washington, the house has been occupied as a tavern for many years, and is perhaps as good a stand for public business as any other on said road.—Terms will be made known on the day of sale.

GEORGE M'KEAN
J. D. MATHIOT. } *Exec'rs.*

Feb. 1st, 1819.

## J. WHITING, *Agent,* AND OLIVER EVANS.

MR. J. WHITING'S attack of the 11th September, on Oliver Evans's Steam Patent, would not have been noticed, had he stated the number of suits, and Oliver Evans's offer to withdraw his suit against Mr. Arthurs, correctly.

He would have the public believe that Oliver Evans was afraid of his cause, and therefore offered to withdraw his suit if Arthurs would pay the costs.

When Oliver Evans came to Pittsburgh to attend to taking of depositions in this case, he was told an opinion prevailed that he attacked Arthurs because he was without capital to contend, and therefore the point was to be carried by the force of money. This, he despised, and being informed of Whiting's infringement, observed, that as he had now a chance at a powerful adversary, he would convince the public that opinion was incorrect—he accordingly made the offer to withdraw his suit if Mr. Arthurs would pay *cost,* and *cease to infringe,* and fully and expressly stated his reasons for so doing.—Does the relinquishment of a weak adversary, and the attack of a powerful one, indicate fear?

With the above facts, both Mr. J. Whiting and Ruggles Whiting were perfectly acquainted. It is impossible they should not have a knowledge of them, as it was a subject of frequent conversation in the presence of many respectable persons at the time, and very often since, when they would endeavour to ward off suits, by saying, that they would pay if we would make others pay, and that those who infringed first should be sued first. Our reply has been, you are the most convenient and powerful of our enemies, and we prefer putting the law in force against you, as it will put at rest all further opposition.

Now, we leave the public to say why Mr. Whiting has knowingly stated this fact in his manner. But he has also stated the number of suits incorrectly, as there is more than two suits pending.—We correct these facts, merely to show the public there is no disposition to abandon—Mr. Whiting may undisturbedly enjoy the balance of his statement, until he is brought before those who are to decide the case. Then we shall probably alter it some.

The public are assured, that Whiting does make such Steam Engines as come within Oliver Evans's patent, and we have not known him ever to make any other kind.

GEORGE EVANS.

*Pittsburg Sep[illegible]mber 14, 181[illegible].*

## Steam Engine Notice.

*To those who are or may be concerned.*

WHEREAS certain persons have industriously endeavoured to deceive the public by an effort to impress the idea that Oliver Evans has abandoned his claim to the use of HIGH STEAM.

Therefore, this is to give notice, that all such reports or insinuations are groundless; that said Evans has already commenced suits against the makers of Steam Engines in this place or elsewhere; that he has ordered the subscriber to enter suits both against the makers and proprietors of Steam Engines now making here, and at other places and the public may be assured that suit will be entered for every Steam Engine separately, as soon as it shall have been put in operation.—Those who feel an interest to avoid infringement of said Evans's patent may be informed who the present *constructing* infringers are.

GEORGE EVANS.

Pittsburgh, July 24, 1818.

## TYPE—For Sale.

ONE FOUNT AMERICAN CANNON—New.
ONE Ditto SEVEN LINES PICA—Ditto
ONE Ditto FIVE LINES PICA, Almost new
ONE Ditto DOUBLE ENGLISH—Ditto

Together with an elegant CUT of a HORSE, COMPOSING STICKS, &c. The above will be sold very low. Apply at the Office of the Gazette.

March 2, 1819.

## Irwin & H. Wallace,

*Have just received and offer For Sale*

**250 bbls. best quality rectified**

## LAKE SALT

200 BARRELS CONEMAUGH DITTO,

*A large quantity of the best quality*

COUNTRY LINNEN, BAGS & BAGGING,

Also, about 6 Tons assorted

**Juniata Bar Iron,**

12 Tons assorted CASTINGS,
8 Tons PIG METAL.

They will receive in payment for Castings,

WOOSTER,
CLEAVELAND,
CANTON,
SMITHFIELD, &
NEW-SALEM

Paper, if offered before the 1st March next.

February 2, 1819.

## Notice

ALL persons having demands against the estate of DAVID T. EDWARDS, deceased, late of Mifflin township, Allegheny county, are requested to present their accounts, properly attested for settlement, on or before the first day of April next—and all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby requested to make payment to us on or before the date above mentioned, otherwise their accounts and notes will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection, in due course of law.

WILLIAM CARREL
ABNER BEDDEL. } Ex'rs.

March 12.

## OLIVER EVANS, AND HIS Steam Patents!

AN advertisement over the signature of GEORGE EVANS having appeared in some of the most respectable newspapers published in the U. States, in which Mr. Evans states, as the authorised agent of Oliver Evans, "that certain constructors of Steam Engines have violated the patent of said Oliver Evans, and requesting those interested to know who the *constructing* infringers are, to call on him, said George Evans, for information in this behalf:" Mr. Evans having in fact, attempted to injure the business of the undersigned, as constructors of Steam Engines by naming them among the violators of said patent, it has become their duty to make a statement of facts touching said patent, & of their proceedings with regard to it, that the public may decide upon the merit of the invention, and whether Mr. Evans has reason to complain of the violation o his rights.

On a perusal of the specification it will, at once be perceived, that Oliver Evans's patent was *not* for *improved & described* machinary—not for the *application* of *a principle to any new or useful purpose,* but for the discovery, as he pretends, "that by increasing the consumption of fuel, you increase the elastic force of steam" which is, in fact the discovery of a *principle* in nature.

The proportional increase, Mr. Evans, in his specification, admits, is "*unknown and can never perhaps be ascertained.* He says, however, that if the heat of the water be increased in an *arithmetical* progression, the power will be increased in a *geometrical* progression. This notion of progressional increase was suggested to him by *another* to elucidate an argument, as supposition only. Mr. Evans assumed it to be *fact, but it was not so*; and, he afterwards admits it by calling it 'theory" and by stating, "*that the principle can never be put into practice equal to the theory,*" after all it is a *principle* and for this *principle* alone without any *new application* whatever Mr. EVANS has obtained a patent!!

The discovery is neither more or less than this, that the hotter the fire the hotter the water and of course the more powerful the steam.—For this discovery Mr. Evans has obtained a patent!

But even this discovery does not belong to Mr. Evans. The principle is contained in Watts first patent granted in 1769; it is in Trivithick's patent of March 1802; it is in the general principle of Tapiers Digester. Doctor Robinson not only knew the principle long before Mr. Evans had it explained to him by Mr. Latrobe, but made experiments "*relating to the increased elasticity of steam as proportionate to the degree of heat applied.*" These experiments were originally published in Dobsons Edinburgh Encyclopedia and republished in this country in the year 1798.—Mr. Evans's first patent was granted in 1804. Hence it is conclusive that the *principle* was not only *known* but practised upon long before Mr. Evans pretended to have discovered it.

Other experiments, with a similar object, were made and published both in Europe and America before Mr. Evans applied for his patent.

See the 5th vol. of Daltons Manchester transactions, Daltons and Betancourts tables republished by Judge Cooper in the Emporium of arts 1813—and Mr. Wolfs experiments also republished in the Emporium.

Further.—Mr. Evans even doubted whether the fact which he read in the Encyclopedia were true, viz. "*that the elasticity of steam increased in a proportion beyond that of the increase of fuel,*" until the statement in the book was corroborated, illustrated and explained by that eminent artist, Mr. Latrobe, who is well known throughout the United States, and to whom Mr. Evans applied or information in this behalf.

[illegible] language of Mr. Evans's specification has no claim to originality. Upon examination it will be found to be substantially contained in Dobsons Encyclopedia, vol. 17 page 741. section 27 article steam, which was published in 1798, six years previous to the date of Mr. Evans's patent.

Mr. Evans stated to the public that he has sued constructing infringers, and intends to sue *as often as new Engines on his plan (as he calls it) are* put in operation.

At least eighty engines of this description have been constructed, have been put in operation and are still in use—nevertheless Mr. Evans instituted suits against James Arthurs and the undersigned only—That against Mr. Arthurs was commenced in the spring of 1815—and tho' the defendant has uniformly urged and insisted on a trial, Mr. Evans has had the address to avoid one.—Being *well* aware, that it is more for his interest to threaten, through the medium of the press and to commence actions *interrorem,* than to come to an issue which would deprive him of his patent.*

If Mr. Evans by these means, can secure an additional customer, he clears more than the expense of a dozen advertisements, and half as many suits.

To conclude—the subscribers assure the public that in their manufactory of steam engines they have hitherto confined themselves to the principles, machinery and general construction invented and used in England by Watt and Bolton, by Freemantle, by Trivithick, Vivian and various other *English* engineers. They have studied the alleged invention of Mr. Evans with care and assiduity, and they have not been able to discover in it a single improvement or even alteration which would give it a claim to originality, or found a pretension to a patent. As respects their manufactory they have never thought it either necessary or advantageous to adopt any part of Mr. Evans' specification, nor to test the correctness of a principle which he had declared to be incapable of proof, and with regard to the validity of his patent they firmly believe that he will find it to be utterly null and void, whenever he may venture to bring it to the test of a public rtial.

J. WHITING, *Agent*
for Pittsburgh iron, nail Factory.

* The counsel for Mr. Arthurs obtained a rule for a trial at the coming term. Mr. Evans has offered to discontinue it if Mr. Arthurs would pay the cost of suit. But Mr. Arthurs has refused to accept the offer.

## Dupont's Brandywine POWDER

JUST RECEIVED, 230 KEGS CONSISTING OF

**OP, FFg, FFr, FFFr FFFg,**

DUPONT'S BRANDYWINE POWDER
For Sale, on low terms by

BOSLER, & CO.

November 18, 1818. tf.

## Blanks for sale here.

## House of Entertainment.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, generally, that he has opened a HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT, at the sign of the

## CROSS-KEYS,

In the village of EAST LIBERTY, 5 miles east of Pittsburgh, where, having provided himself with the BEST LIQUORS, GOOD STABLING, and every thing necessary for an establishment of the kind, he hopes by assiduous attention to the comfort and convenience of those who may favor him with a call, to merit a share of public patronage.

SAMUEL YOUNG.

March 30, 1819.

N. B. VISITORS from Pittsburgh will be genteely accommodated with refreshments, &c.

## For Sale.

*A SPLENDID EDITION OF THE*

**English Encyclopedia,**

in 11 Volumes, including one of PLATES, for sale at this office. Any person desirous of adding a most valuable work to their library, may now do it on most reasonsble terms.

April 2.

## JOHN RENO,

Front, between Market and Wood Steeets, has on hand and for sale, a general assortment of

## GROCERIES, &c.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| OLD MADEIRA, | Wines. | Mustard, | |
| Sicily, | | Starch, | |
| Teneriffe, | | Indigo, | |
| Lisbon, | | Madder, | |
| Cogniac Brandy, | | Copperas, | |
| Jamaica Spirits, | | Allum, | |
| Old Whiskey, | | Rosin, | |
| Country Gin, | | Chalk, | |
| Best green coffee in bags and barrels, | | Raisins in boxes, | |
| Young hyson Tea, | | Soft shelled Almonds, | |
| Loaf, | Sugars | Shaving Soap, | |
| Lump, | | Best Spanish and Country Segars, | |
| New-Orleans, | | Sup. Royal, No. 5, | Paper. |
| Pepper, Alspice, | | Royal, 5, | |
| Ginger, Cloves, | | Cap, 2 & 3, | |
| Nutmegs, Mace, | | Post, | |
| Cinnamon, | | Large and small wrapping, | |
| | | 8 by 10, and 10 by 12, Window Glass, | |

## Kentucky Tobacco,

*Dupont's best Brandywine POWDER.*

All of which are offered on liberal terms.

☞ Good HOGS LARD, in kegs, and other Produce taken in exchange for the above.

Pittsburgh, October 6, 1818. tf

## Just Manufactured & For Sale, AT TOWNE'S

*Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,*

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT

**Landscape Paper Hangings**

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

*Papers of the above description, may be had at*

**R. Patterson & Lambdin's**

*Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh,*

at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also the exchanges between Eastern and Western funds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

**J. Towne.**

January 15. tf

## Estate of Robert Vance,

DECEASED.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of Robert Vance, late of Moon township, Allegheny county, deceased, to come forward on or before the 8th day of May next, and settle their accounts with the subscribers, or they will be put in the hands of an officer for collection—Those having demands against the estate, will please present them properly attested for settlement.

ANDREW VANCE,
JAMES M'CABE, } Adm'rs.

March 9.

## Allen & Grant

Will RENT from the first of January next, the NEW BRICK

**Warehouse,**

adjoining the one they occupy

Pittsburgh, Decembe 11, 1818.

## Thomas Perkins,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has taken into partnership, JACOB CARTER.—The business will in future, be conducted under the firm of

**Perkins & Carter,**

who have on hand, and intend keeping at their Silver-smith and Watch maker's shop

*In Market, between Front and Second streets,* PITTSBURGH

*A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF*

**Gold & Silver Work,**

*Eight Day and Thirty Hour Clocks*

Gold, Silver & Composition WATCHES,

*With a general assortment of Watch-makers Tools and Materials,*

which they will warrant, and sell low for Cash or approved paper.

Orders from a distance punctually attended to.

February 2, 18

The shop lately kept by Jacob Carter, in Liberty street, next door to the corner of St. Clair street is removed. Watches, &c. left with him may be had at their shop in Market street.

## The Subscribers

HAVING purchased of the late proprietors of the Pittsburgh Iron & Nail Factory, their ROLLING MILL & PATENT NAIL WORKS, in the city of Pittsburgh, intend keeping the same in full operation. They will warrant their manufactures to be of the best quality, and will be happy to receive orders for

*Cut & Wrought NAILS & Boat Nails,*

**BOILER IRON,**

*SPIKE, DECK & NAIL RODS,*

NAIL & HOOP IRON.

*R. BOWEN & Co.*

Pittsburgh, March 5.——2m

☞ The Cincinnati Inquisitor, Kentucky Reporter, Louisville Public Advertiser, Nashville Whig, St. Louis Inquirer, Chilicothe Supporter will publish the above one month, and send their accounts to this ffice.

## WHIP MANUFACTORY.

THE subscribers having established a WHIP MANUFACTORY in this city, inform merchants and the public generally, that they have and intend keeping on hand, a handsome assortment of

**Coach, Gig, Riding and Switch**

## WHIPS,

Of the best quality, and at as fair prices as they can be obtained in any city in the Union.

Merchants particularly will find it to their advantage so purchase of them, as they will not only save the carriage, but the heavy discounts they are subjected to in the Atlantic cities.

They have constituted Messrs. Cromwell, Dobbin & Peebles, their agents—at whose Warehouse or at the Manufactory, corner of Liberty and St. Clair streets, orders will be received and promptly executed.

H. LOVE & CO.

Pittsburgh, March 19.——3 n1m2aw2n1aw

☞ WHIPS repaired with neatness & despatch.

## Notice.

CERTIFICATES of Stock are ready for delivery, by the Treasurer of the Susquehannah and Waterford Turnpike Road Company; on the delivery of which, the second instalment of FIVE Dollars on each share of capital stock will be required to be paid to said treasurer, conformably to the 6th section of the act of Assembly authorising the Governor to incorporate said Company.

If any stockholder shall not have paid said installment of Five dollars on each share of capital stock by him holden in said company, on or before the 1st Monday of May next, suits will be instituted for the recovery of the same.

By order of the Board of Managers.

JOHN REYNOLDS, Sec'y.

Meadville, March 4.——12[illegible]

## NOTICE.

GLASER & CO. have resigned their business in this city, to GLASER & CAMMANN, who will continue the same on their own account.

All persons having any demands against *Glaser & Co.* will please to present their accounts, and those indebted to the same to make immediate payment to Glaser & Cammann.

GLASER & CO.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1819.

## Augustus Henry Glaser, AND Hermann H. C. Cammann.

Have formed a connextion in the

**Commission Business,**

under the firm of GLASER & CAMMANN.

*AUGUSTUS HENRY GLASER,*
*HERMANN H. C. CAMMANN,*

Who have for Sale at their Ware-House in Front Street between Market and Wood Streets,

| | |
|---|---|
| American Boiler Iron, | Conemaugh Salt, |
| Nails, Scythes, | Teas, |
| Cutting Knives, | A few barrels Mackarel, |
| Window Glass, all sizes, | Blankets, |
| Porter Bottles, | Canton Crapes, &c. |
| Hollow Ware | |

## Land and Mills For Sale

THE subscriber will sell at public sale on Monday the 22d day of March next, on the premises in Brooke county Va. situate on Pierces Run, about four miles from Wellsburgh, his

*GRIST & SAW MILL,*

and about 270 acres of land of a good quality, well timbered, with about 30 acres cleared, about [illegible] acres sowed in timothy, and would make an excellent stock farm, and is well worth the attention of any person who wishes to carry on a distillery, as it is surrounded by a rich and populous neighbourhood. The improvements are two cabbins for dwellings, a stable and frame 36 by 26 feet, built for a distillery. The above mills are in complete order, with two pair of stones in the grist mill, a new bolting cloth, and all the running gears of the mill are new. An indisputable title will be made, and possession given the first of April next. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

W. DUVALL.

Wellsburhg, Feb. 23, 1819.—3t.

## Washington & Pittsburgh Turnpike Road Company.

THE Stockholders in the above company are hereby required to pay FIVE Dollars on the first day of April, and Five Dollars on the first day of May, and Five Dollars on the first day of June, on each share of the stock by them held—being the 3d, 4th and 5th instalments.—Members of the Company living in Washington county will pay their instalments to George Baird, Treasurer, in Washington—those in Allegheny county, to Col. John Ross, Charticrs.

*An abstract of the law authorising the Company.*

Section 7. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Stockholder, whether original subscriber or assignee, after thirty days notice in one of the public news-papers printed in the city of Pittsburgh and borough of Washington, respectfully, of the time and place appointed for the payment of any portion or instalment of said capital stock in order to carry on the work, should neglect to pay such proportion, at the place appointed, for the space of sixty days after the time appointed for the payment thereof, every such stockholder shall in addition to the instalment so called for, pay at the rate of five per centum per month for every delay of such payment.

By order of the Board.

S. MURDOCH, Sec'y.

Washington, March 1, 1819.